## A LIMITED COMPANY

## ACCOUNTANCY AND FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT SEM III. CLASS SY B.COM

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## CONVERSION OR SALE OF PARTNERSHIP FIRM INTO A LIMITED COMPANY

- Meaning
- A firm may be converted by the Partner's into limited company.
- This is done to take the following advantages.

1. A company is not affected by death or retirement of a member.
2. The liability of shareholders is limited.
3. There is no limit on the maximum number of shareholders.
4. A limited company can raise large capital from public and carry on business on a large scale
5. For eg M/s PQR enterprise may become M/s PQR limited company.

## PURCHASE CONSIDERATION

- Meaning:
- On sale or conversion, the limited company takes over the business of the firm for an agreed price.this price is known as "Purchase consideration"


## METHODS

## 1.Lumpsum method.

2. Net Asset method.

## 3. Payment method.

## 1. LUMPSUM METHODS

- Sometimes purchase consideration is given on lumpsum amount.
-For eg.ABC firm acquired by XYZ Ltd Co. For Rs 5 crore.


## 2.NET ASSETS METHOD

- In this method,the purchase consideration is equal to the agreed value of Assets taken over less the agreed value of the liabilities taken over.
- Net Asset= Asset less outside liabilities.


## 3. PAYMENT METHOD.

- In this method, purchase consideration is equal to the total of all the payment made by the company to the partners.
-The payment may be in the form of cash, shares, debentures.


## ACCOUNTS TO BE OPENED

1. Realisation Account.
2. Partners Capital Account.
3. Cash \& Bank Account.
4. Account of Itd company.
5. Account of each items received from Company.for eg Equity share, A/c Preference shares Account, Debentures Account.

## ENTRIES IN THE BOOKS OF OLD FIRM

1. Assets Transfer.

- RealisationAccount. .Dr.

To Various Assets A/c.
2. Liabilities transfer.

- Various liabilities A/c. ..Dr To Realisation $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{c}$.

Accumulated Reserve transfer

- Profit and loss A/c. Dr.


## General Reserve A/c......Dr.

To Partners Capital A/c.
4. Purchase consideration due.

- New Company A/c.........Dr To Realisation A/c.

5. Purchase consideration recd.

- Cash\& Bank A/c....................Dr Equity share A/c ...........................Dr Preference shares A/c......... Dr To New Company A/c


6. Asset sold for cash

- 8. liabilities paid in cash.
- Cash A/c......................... Dr. To Realisation A/c
- 7. Assets taken over by Partner. Partners capital A/c .......Dr. To Realisation Account
- Realisation Account A/c.. Dr To Cash A/c.
- 9. Liabilities taken over by Part
- Realisation Account A/c... Dr To. Partners capital A/c
- 10. Realisation expenses paid. Realisation Account............. Dr. To Cash A/c
- 11. Payment of Partner's Loan.


## Partners Loan A/c.

 To Cash A/c- 12. Partners Loan Settle by Shares or debentures.
- Partners Loan A/ c...........Dr. To Equity share A/c. To Preference shares $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{c}$. To Debentures A/c
- Profit on Realisation.
- Realisation Account.................... Dr. To Partner's Capital Account.
- Loss on Realisation.
- Partners capital account ............Dr To Realisation Account
- Distribution of shares.
- Partners capital account........... Dr.

To equity share $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{c}$.
To Preference shares $A / c$.
To Debentures A/c

QTS NOI: A,B \&:C WERE IN PARTNERSHIP FIRM SHARING PROFIT \& LOSSES ASI / $2,3 / 8, \& 1 / 8$ RESPECTIVELY.ON $31-$ 12-16,THEY DECIDED TO CONVERT THEIR FIRM INTO LTD co.

- Liabilities. ₹.
- Mortgage loan 8,000.
- Sundry Credifors. 18,000.
- Capital A/c.
- A. 20,000.
- B. 15,000.
- C. 10,000. 45,000
- Total.

Assets.

| Frechold-Property | 20,000 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Machinery. | 15,000 |
| Debtors. | 12,000 |
| Stock. | 14,000 |
| Cash. | 10,000 |

## THE COMPANY AGREED TO TAKE OVER THE FOLLOWING ASSETS AT THE VALUE STATED BELOW

- Freehold property₹24,000,. Stock. ₹13,000 Machineryy. ₹14,000
- Debtors. ₹11,000 Goodwill ₹5,000
- The company also agree to pay $₹ 17,500$ to sundry creditors in full settlement of their claim.
- Out of purchase price $₹ \mathbf{3 5 , 0 0 0}$ was paid in fully paid shares $₹ 10$ each and balance in cash. The Expenses amount ₹ 500 . Shares were distributed in the ratio of final capital balance.
- Prepare necessary ledger account in the books of the firm.


## CALCULATION OF PURCHASE CONSIDERATION

- Particular's.
- A)Asset taken over
- Freehold properity.
- Stock
- Machinery
- Goodwill.

| $24,000$. | B) less: Licbilities |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Creditors | 17,500 |  |
| 14,000 |  | 49,500 |
| 5,000 |  |  |
| 11,000 |  |  |
| $\underline{67,000}$ |  |  |

## DR.

## REALISATION ACCOUNT.

## CR.

- Particular's.
- Io Sundry Assets.
- Freehold property.
- Machinery.
- Debtors.
- Stock.
- To Cash Account.
${ }^{\circ}$ To Cash Account.
₹. Particular's.

20,000 Mortgage loan. 8,000
15,000. Sundry Creditors. 18,000
12,000. By Ltd co ac.
14,000
8,000
500

## By Sundry liabilities.

49,500


$$
1 \times 4 / 2 \times 4=4 / 8 \quad 3 / 8 . \quad 1 / 8 . \quad 4: 3: 1
$$

To Capital Account
A's. 3,000
B's. 2,250
C's $\quad 750 \quad 6,000$

- Total

75,500.
75,500

## DR. PARTNERS CAPITAL ACCOUNT.

- Particular A. B. C. Particular's. A. B. C

By bal b/d. 20,000 15,000. 10,000

- To share 15,780 11,840 7,380 By RealAc3,000. 2,250. 750
- To Cash 7,220. 5,410. 3,370
- Total. 23,000. 17,250 10750. Total. 23,000 17,250. 10750
- Capital bal. 23,000. 17,250. 10,750
- Ratio. 2300:1725:1075=5100

A's $35,000 \times 2300 / 5100=15,784,313=15,780$

- B's. $35,000 \times 1725 / 5100=11,838.235=.11,840$
- C's 35,000x 1075/5100=7377.450=7,380
DR. CASH ACCOUNT.
- Particular's.
- To Bal b/d.
- To ltd Co.
- 
- .
- 
- 
- Total.
₹.
10,000.
14,500
Particular's.
By Realisation A/c. $\quad \mathbf{8 , 0 0 0}$
By Realisation A/c. 500
By Capital Account
A's.
7,220
B's.
5,410
C's.
3,370
Total.
24,500


## DR. LIMITED COMPANY ACCOUNT.

- Particular's.
₹.
Particular's.
₹
- To Realisation a/c.

49,500.
By Shares $A / C$
35,000
By CashA/C. $\quad 14,500$

- Total.

49,500
49,500

Q NO: 2 .A B \& C WERE PARTNERS SHARING PROFIT AND LOSSES IN THE RATIO 1:2:3. AS ON 31-03-2013 BALANCE SHEET WAS AS UNDER

- Liabilities.
- Capital A/G.
- A
- B.
- C
- B's loan A/c
- Creditors
- Bills payable.
₹.
₹.

10,000.
20,000.
30,000., 60,000.
20,000.
15,000.
5,000.

Assets.
Investment.
Building.
Machinery.
Motor car. 5,000
Stock.
Debtors.
Cash.
9,000

- On the above date a private Ltd, company was incorporated to take over the above business on the following terms and conditions.

1. All assets (except cash and investment) and all Liabilities (except B's loan) to be taken over by Co.for which all assets are valued at par except building which is considered worth $₹ 27,000$ and stock as worth ₹ 14,000 . Further, Goodwill is valued at ₹ 30,000 .
2. B's loan to be parily liquidated by his taking over the firm's cash and investment at par. For the balance he is given $\mathbf{8 \%}$ Debentures received from the company in part discharge of purchase consideration.
3. The balance of purchase consideration is received in the form of equity shares of the Co. Which are appropriately distributed amongst the pariners.

- Prepare ledger account to close the books.


## CALCULATION OF PURCHASE CONSIDERATION (NET ASSET METHOD)

- Particular's. ₹
- A)Asset taken over
- Building.
-Stock.
- Goodwill.
- Machinery.

27,000. Debtors. 20,000
14,000.
Total.
1,26,000
30,000. B)less outside liabilities

- Motor car.

30,000 Creditors 15,000
5,000. Bill's payable5,000. $(20,000)$

## PURCHASE CONSIDERATION ₹ $1,06,000$

- B's loan 20,000-9,000-1,000=10,000
- Balance Share. $+\underline{96,000}$
- Purchase consideration. $\quad 1,06,000$


## DR. PARTICULAR'S.

## REALISATION ACCOUNT

 CR. ₹. ₹. PARTICULAR'S.$$
₹ .
$$

- To Sundry Assets.
- Building. 20,000.
- Machinery. 30,000.
- Motor car. 5,000.
- Stock.

15,000

- Debtors


## By Sundry liabilities

Creditors. 15,000
Bill's payable. 5,000. 20,000
By Limited company $1,06,000$

20,000. 90,000

- To Capital A/c
- A. 6,000
- Br.
- C. 36,000
- TOTAL.

1,26,000
TOTAL.

## DR. PARTNERS CAPITAL ACCOUNT. CR

- Particular's
A.
B.
C. Particular's.
A. B.
B. $\quad \mathrm{C}$

By Bal b/d. 10,000. 20,000. 30,000
By Real A/c.6,000. 12,000. 18,000

- To shares. 16,000. 32,000. 48,000
- Total.

16,000. 32,000. 48,000. Total. 16,000. 32,000. 48,000

## DR. PURCHASING COMPANY ACCOUNT. CR

- Particular's. ₹. ₹. Particular's. ₹. ₹
- To Realisation A/c. 1,06,000. By shares.
A. 16,000
B. 32,000
C. $\mathbf{4 8 , 0 0 0}$. 96,000

By 8\%Deb. (Bal) 10,000

- TOTAL.

1,06,000.
TOTAL.
1,06,000

- A. B. \& C carry on business in partnership sharing profits and losses in the proportion of $1 / 2,3 / 8$ and $1 / 8$ respectively.On $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2018. They agree to sell their business to a limited co.their position on date was as follows.
- Liabilities.
- A's Capital
- B's Capital.
- C's Capital.
- Loan mortgage. 16,000.
- Sundry Creditors 18,000.
₹.
40,000.
30,000.
26,000.

Assets.
Machinery. 48,000

Furniture.
42,000
Stock.
Book Debts.
Cash.
2,000

- Tołal 1,30,000. Total. $1,30,000$
- The company took the following assets at the valuation shown below.
- Machinery. $61,000 . \quad$ Furniture. 31,800
- Stock. 22,000.

Book debts 14,000

- Goodwill. 10,000..The Company also agreed to pay the creditors which was agreed af $₹ 17,700$. The company paid $₹ 67,000$ in fully paid shares of $₹ 10$ each and the Balance in cash. The expenses amounted to $₹ 1,500$.
- Prepare ledger account in the books of


## CALCULATION OF PURCHASE CONSIDERATION

- Particular's.
- Assets taken over.

TOTAL.
61,000. Less outside liabilities
31,800. Creditors.
22,000. Purchase consideration
14,000 . Shares.
10,000. Cash.
10,000. Cash.

- Machinery.
- Furniture.
- Stock.
- Books debts.
- Goodwill.
$(17,700)$


## DR. PARTICULARS.

## REALISATION ACCOUNT

₹.
PARTICULAR'S.

## CR

₹.

- To sundry Assets.
- Machinery 48,000.
- Furniture. 42,000.
- Stock.
- Book debts. 15,000. 1,28,000
- To Cash Account.

1,500

- To Cash Account.

16,000
10,00

## By Sundry liabilities

Loan on mortgage. 16,000
Creditors. $\quad 18,000.34,000$
By Ltd company A/c.
1,21,100

- To Capital Account
- A Capital 4,800
- B Capital. 3,600
- C. Capital. 1,200 $\quad \underline{9,600}$
- Total.

1,55,100. Total.
1,55,100

- Profit sharing ratio. $1 \times 4 / 4 \times 2=4 / 8$
- Final PSR. 4:3:1

3/8.
1/8

DR.

## PARTNERS CAPITAL ACCOUNT.

## CR

- Particular's. A.
B.
C. Particular's.
A.
B.

C
By balance $b / d$ 40,000. 30,000. 26,000
By Realisation. 4,800. 3,600. 1,200

- To shares. 28,420. 21,320. 17,260
- To. Cash A/c 16,380. 12,280. 9,940
- Total.

44,800. 33,600. 27,200. Total. 44,800. $33,600.27,200$

# HOW TO CALCULATE SHARES AMT GIVEN TO PARTNER'S 

- Capital balance. 44,800. 33,600. 27,200
- Reduce by 100 . 448:336:272=1056
- A 's. Share. $67,000 \times 448 \div 1056=28,424.2424=28,420$
- B's . Share. $67,000 \times 336 \div 1056=21,318.1818=21,320$
- C's. Share. $67,000 \times 272 \div 1056=17,257.5757=17,260$

DR. LIMITED COMPANY ACCOUNT.

## CR

- Particular's. ₹. Particular's.
- To Realisation A/c. 1,21,100.
- 

$\rightarrow+0_{0}^{2}$

- Total.

1,21,100.
Total.
1,21,100

- To balance b/d. 2,000.
- To Limited com Account. 54,100
- 

$\bullet$
$\bullet$.
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- Total.

56,100.

By Realisation A/c
Expense. 1,500
Loan. 16,000. 17,500

## By Capital Account

A's capital. 16,380
B's Capital. 12,280
C's. Capital. $\quad 9,940.38,600$
Total.

## NAVIN AND SUNIL WERE PARTNERS SHARING PROFIT AND LOSSES IN THE RATIO OF 2:1.BALANCE SHEET AS ON 31-03-2013.

- Liabilities.
- Navin capital A/c. 50,000.
- Sunil Capital A/c. 40,000.
- Navin Current A/c. 26,000.
- Sunil current A/c. 18,000.
- Navin loan A/c. 40,000.
- Accounts Payable. $\quad 24,000$
epartners wishing to dissolve the firm, accepted the offer of Chhaya Ltd. to acquire the stock and dd assets at an inclusive price of ₹ $1,40,000$.
epurchase consideration was to be satisfied by (a) a cash payment of ₹ 35,000 (b) allotment to partners $6,0006 \%$ Preference Shares of ₹ 10 each, valued at ₹ 8 per share (c) 57,000 Ordinary aes of ₹ One each.
e Book debts realised ₹ 38,000 and Accounts payable were settled by ₹ 22,000.
Parners agreed that the following should be the basis of distribution on dissolution of the partnership.
Navin to be allotted Preference shares in settlement of his loan, the remaining Preference Shares being allotted equally to them.
The Ordinary Shares to be allotted in the ratio of profit sharing.
The Balance to be paid in Cash.
Ware required to prepare (i) Realisation Account (ii) Partners' Capital and Current accounts clarately (iii) Chhaya Ltd. account (iv) Cash account.
oution :

> In the Books of Navin \& Sunil

## CALCULATION OF PURCHASE CONSIDERATION

- Lumpsum amount. 1,40,000.

1. Cash.
2. $6 \%$ Pref shares.
3. Ordinary shares.
4. Purchase consideration. $1,40,000$.

Navin loan 40,000
Pref shares. 48000
48,000. (6000×8). Extra. 8,000
57,000. (57,000×1). Navin. 4,000
Sunil. 4,000

## By Sundry liabilities

Account's payable. 24,000
By Chayya Itd. $\quad 1,40,000$
By Cash A/c (book debt). 38,000

- Book debts. 41,000. 1,53,000
- To cash A/c(Account payable). 22,000


## PROFIT SHARING RATIO 2:1

To Current Account
Navin current A/c. 18,000
Sunil current A/c. 9,000 $\underline{27,000}$

- Total.

2,02,000.
Total.
2,02,000

## DR.

## PARTNERS CURRENT ACCOUNT

- Particular's. Navin. Sunil. Particular's. Navin. Sunil
- 

By Bal b/d. 26,000. 18,000
By Realisation. 18,000. 9,000

- To capital account 44,000. 27,000
- TOTAL.

44,000. 27,000.
Total.
44,000. 27,000

## DR.

## PARTNERS CAPITAL ACCOUNT.

## CR

- Particular's. Navin. Sunil. Particular's. Navin. Sunil
- 

By Balance b/d. 50,000. 40,000
By current A/c. 44,000. 27,000

- To Shares A/c. 38,000. 19,000
- To pref shares. 4,000. 4,000
- To cash A/c. 52,000. 44,,000
- Total.

94,000. 67,000. Total.
94,000. 67,000

## DR. PARTICULARS

- To balance b/d.
- To Realisation $A / C$.
- To Chayya Itd.

Total.

BANK ACCOUNT. PARTICULAR'S. ₹.

## CR

₹

22,000
38,000. By Navin Capital. $\quad 52,000$
35,000. By Sunil Capital. 44,000

1,18,000. Total.
DR. CHAYYA LIMITED ACCOUNT. ..... CRPARTICULARS. ₹. ₹. PARTICULAR'S. ₹.- To Realisation A/c. 1,40,000. By Cash Account. 35,000

| By Cash Account. | 35,000 |
| :--- | :--- |
| By $6 \%$ Pref shares. | 48,000 |
| By Ordinary shares. | 57,000 |

- Total.

1,40,000.
Total.
$1,40,000$

IIUstration © . (neenteation Expenoes; Ors Expensee; Credtions Pald)
A, $\mathbf{B}$ and C were partners sharing Profits and Losses in the ratio or $3: 2: 1$. Therr Danarele
on 31-3-2010 was as follows :
Balance Sheet as on 31-3-2010


The partners agreed to sell their business to a limited company. The company to take over the assets at the valuation shown below :

## Land and Building

Plant and Machinery
Sundry Debtors
Stock
Furniture

## Goodwill

₹ 45,000
₹ 25,000
₹ 40,000
₹ 20,000
₹ 12,000
₹ 20,000

The company also agreed to pay the Bills Payable which were agreed at ₹ 10,000 . The Limited Company paid ₹ 46,000 in cash and the balance in Equity shares © $₹ 1$ each.
The Creditors were paid by the firm at a discount of $21 / 2 \%$ and Outstanding expenses were paid in full. The Realisation expenses amounted to ₹ 3,500 .'
Prepare Realisation A/c, Partner's Capital A/c, Cash A/c, Limited Company A/c, Shares in Limited Prepare Realisation A/c, Partner's Capital

## CALCULATION OF PURCHASE CONSIDERATION

- Particular's.
- Assets taken over
- Land \& building.
- Plant and machinery. 25,000
- Sundry Debtors.
- Stock.
- Furniture.
$\rho$
20,000
12,000
- Goodwill.
20,000
- Total.
1,62,000

45,000 - Less: outside liabilities

- Bills payable.
$(10,000)$
40,000 - Purchase Cons. 1,52,000
- Cash 46,000
- Equity shares. Bal

1,06,000

## PARTICULAR'S. ₹. ₹. PARTICULAR'S.

- To Sundry Assets.
- Land \& Building 42,000.
- Plant \& machin. 30,000.
- Sundry Debtors. 44,000.
- Stock. 26,000.
- Furniture. 10,000


## By Sundry liabilities

Creditors. 20,000
Bills payable. 12,000
0/s expenses. 2,000. 34,000
By limited Co A/c. 1,52,000

PROFIT SHARING RATIO $=3: 2: 1$
$A-9,000 \times 3 / 6=4,500$. B-9,000×2/6 $=3,000$.
C-9,000 $\times 1 / 6=1,500$

- To Cash Account
- Creditors. 19,500
- O/s expenses 2,000
- Expense. 3,500. 25,000
- To Cap A/c A 4,500
- Total.

1,86,000. Total.
$1,86,000$

## PARTICULAR'S.

A. B. C. PARTICULAR'S. A.
B. C

By Balance b/d $\quad 50,000.20,000.30,000$
By Gen Reserve. 12,000. 8,000. 4,000
By Realisation A/c 4,500. 3,000. 1,500

- To shares 53,000. 24,707. 28,293
- To Cash A/c 13,500. 6,293. 7,207
- Total.

66,500 . 31,000. 35,500. Total. 66,500. 31,000. 35,500

DR. LIMITED COMPANY ACCOUNT.

## CR

- Particular's. ₹. ₹. Particular's.
- To Realisation Account.
$1,52,000$ By shares A/c.
₹.

$$
\text { By cash } A / c \text {. }
$$

$$
\begin{gathered}
1,06,000 \\
46,000
\end{gathered}
$$

- Total.

1,52,000 Total.

## HOW TO DISTRIBUTE SHARES AMONG THE PARTNERS

CAPITAL BALANCE. 66,500:31,000:35,500

- Reduce by 100 . $665: 310: 355=1330$
- A's Share. $1,06,000 \times 665 \div 1330=53,000$
- B's. Share. $1,06,000 \times 310 \div 1330=24,707$
- C's share $1,06,000 \times 355 \div 1330=28,293$.


## CASH ACCOUNT.

## CR

- Particular's.
- To balance b/d.

6,000.
₹. Particular's.
By Realisation A/c
₹


- To Limited Co.Account 46,000. By cappital A/c


## -

|  | A | 13,500 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | B | 6,293 |  |
| C. | $\underline{7,207}$ | 27,000 |  |
| $52,000$. |  | $\underline{52,000}$ |  |
|  | Total. |  |  |

## Illustration 7 : (Investment and Loan Not T/O by Company)

$A B$ Ltd. was formed to acquire the business $A$ and $B$ who share profits in the ratio of $3: 2$ respectively The Balance Sheet of A and B on 31st December, 2014 was as under :

Balance Sheet as on 31st December 2014

| Liabilities | $₹$ | Assets | $?$ |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| Capital Account : |  | Land and Building | 40,000 |
| A | 64,000 | Machinery | 20,000 |
| B | 40,000 | Stock | 24,000 |
| A's Loan Als | 3,200 | Debtors | 23,200 |
| Bills Payable | 7,200 | Bills Receivable | 6,400 |
| Sundry Creditors | 21,600 | Investments | 4,800 |
|  |  | Cash at Bank | 9,600 |
|  | Goodwill | 817 | 8,000 |

It was agreed by the company to take over the assets at book value with the exception of land and building, stock and goodwill which are taken over at $₹ 45,000$, $₹ 20,000$ and $₹ 28,800$ respectively. The investments were retained by the firm and sold for $₹ 4,000$. The firm discharged the loan of Mis. A. The company took over the remaining liabilities. The purchase consideration was discharged by
A. The company took over er

Cr . ig 10,000 Equity shares of $₹ 10$ each in AB Ltd. and the balance was paid in cash. Prepare the jar Accounts of the firm assuming the shares are distributed amongst partners in their profit
ing ratio. ing ratio.

In the Books of A and B
Realisation Account
Cr.

| nculars | ₹ | Particulars | $₹$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Land and Building Machinery Slock Debtors Bills Receivable investments Bank <br> Goodwill <br> Profit transferred to <br> A's Capital A/c <br> B's Capital A/c | 40,000 <br> 20,000 <br> 24,000 <br> 23,200 <br> 6,400 <br> 4,800 <br> 9,600 <br> 8,000 <br> 12,600 <br> 8,400 <br> $1,57,000$ | By Bills Payable <br> By Creditors <br> By $A B$ Ltd. (P.C.) <br> By Bank (Investment) | $\begin{array}{r} 7,200 \\ 21,600 \\ 1,24,200 \\ 4,000 \end{array}$ |
|  | AB Ltd.'s Account |  | Cr. |

## CALCULATION OF PURCHASE CONSIDERATION

- Asset taken over
- Total. 1,53,000
- Land \& building. 45,000
- Stock. 20,000
- Machinery. 20,000
- Debtors. 23,200
- Bills receivable. 6,400
- Bank. 9,600
- Goodwill. 28,800
- Less: Outside liabilities
- Bill's payable. 7,200
- Creditors. $\quad 21,600 .(28,800)$
- Purchase consideration. 1,24,200
- Share $10,000 \times 10=.1,00,000$
- Cash (bal). =. 24,200


## By Sundry liabilities

Creditors. 21,600
Bills payable. $\mathbf{7 , 2 0 0}$. 28,800

By AB Ltd Co A /c. $\quad \mathbf{1 , 2 4 , 2 0 0}$
By cash A/c (invt).
4,000

- Goodwill. 8,000.
- Investment. $\quad 4,800 \quad 1,26,400$
- To Sundry Assets.
- Land \& building. 40,000.
- Machinery. 20,000.
- Stock. 24,000
- Debtors. 23,200.
- Bill receivable. 6,400.


## PROFIT SHARING RATIO 3:2

- To Capital Account
- A. 18,360
- B.

12,240. 30,600

- Total.

1,57,000.
Total.
1,57,000

## PARTNERS CAPITAL ACCOUNT

## PARTICULAR'S. A.

B. PARTICULAR'S. A. B

By Balance b/d. $\quad 64,000.40,000$<br>By Realisation $A / c$. 18,360. 12,240

- To shares a/c. 60,000. 40,000
- To Cash Account. 22,360 12,240
- Total.

82,360. 52,240.
Total.
82,360. 52,240

DR. PARTICULARS ₹.

AB LTD CO.
₹. PARTICULAR'S ₹.

CR

By Shares Account. 1,00,000
By Cash Account. 24,200

- Total.

1,24,200.
Total.
1,24,200

DR.

## MRS A'S LOAN.

## CR

- Particular's.
₹.

$$
\begin{array}{lc}
\text { Particular's. } & ₹ \\
\text { By balance b/d. } & \mathbf{3 , 2 0 0}
\end{array}
$$

- To cash Account. 3,200
- Total.

3,200.
Total.
3,200

## DR.

## CASH \& BANK ACCOUNT.

## CR

- Particular's.
- To balance b/d.


9,600.
Particular's.
₹.
₹
By Mrs A's Loan A/c.
3,200

- To AB Ltd Co Account. 24,200. By Partner's Cap A/c
- To Realisation Account. 4,000.
- 
- Total.

37,800.
A 22,360
B. 12,240 . 34,600

37,800
$A$ and $B$ were in partnership sharing profits and losses in the ratio of $2: 1$ respectively. Their Balance Sheet as on 31-3-2015 was as follows :

Balance Sheet as on 31-3-2015

| Liabilities | ₹ | Assets |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Creditors R U | 40,000 | Plant and Machinery | 20.000 |
| Bills Payable R | 10,000 | Bills Receivable | 5,000 |
| Mrs. A's Loan $R$ | 20,000 | Stock PDV | 43,700 |
| Capital A/cs : |  | Sundry Debtors 60,000 | 43,00 |
| A | 30,000 | Less : R.D.D. $\quad 3.000$ | 57,000 |
| Reserve Fund $p$ - | 20,000 | Cash on Hand ple | 300 |
|  | $\overline{1,26,000}$ |  | $\overline{1,26,000}$ |

On that date they agreed to sell their business to 'C' Ltd. The company was to take over assets valuation shown below:

Plant and Machinery
Stock
Sundry Debtors
Bills Receivable
Goodwill


The company also agreed to pay the Creditors which was agreed at $₹ 39,000$. The expenses of realisation amounted to $₹ 300$. Bills Payable and Mrs. A's loan were paid by the firm in full. The company paid for 3,600 Equity shares of $₹ 10$ each and $₹ 37,700$ in cash as purchase consideration. The shares were to be distributed in profit sharing ratio to the partners.
Prepare necessary ledger accounts in the books of M/s. A and B.

## Solution :

Equity Shares in C Co. Ltd. A/c
Realisation A/c (Loss Cash A/c (Bal. Fig.)

## aticulars

Balance b/d
OC Co. Ltd. A/c

Iustration 10 : (Realisa et out below is the Balar qually.

## labilities

apitals
$x$
Y
Teditors

## CALCULATION OF PURCHASE CONSIDERATION

By Net payment method
Equity shares. $3600 \times 10=36,000$
Cash.
$=.37,700$
Purchase consideration. $=73,700$

## DR. REALISATION ACCOUNT.

- Io Sundry Assets.
- Plant and machinery 20,000.
- Bill Receivable.

5,000.

- Stock.

43,700.
57,000. 1,25,700. By "C" Ltd.

- Io cash A/c
- Bill payable

10,000

- Mrs A’slocin. 20,000.
- Expenses. 300 . 30,300

73,700
By Sundry liabilities
Creditors. 40,000
Bills payable. 10,000
Mrs.Loan. 20,000
$20,000 \quad 70,000$

- Sundry Debtors.


## DR 156,000 LESS CR 1,43,700=12,300 PROFIT SHARING RATIO 2: 1

By Partner's Capital Account

A 8,200
B. 4,100 .

12,300

- Total.

1,56,000. Total. 1,56,000

DR.
PARTNERS CAPITAL ACCOUNT.
CR

- Particular's.
A.
B. Particular's.
A.

B
By Balance b/d. 30,000. 20,000
By Reserve. Fund. 4,000. 2,000

- To Equity share. 24,000. 12,000
- To Realisation A/c 8,200. 4,100
- To cash A/c. $\quad 1,800 . \quad 5,900$
- Total.

34,000. 22,000.
Total.
34,000. 22,000

DR. "C" LIMITED COMPANY ACCOUNT.

- Particular's. ₹. ₹. Particular's. ₹
- To Realisation Account. 73,700. By Equity share. 36,000

By Cash Account. 37,700. 73,700

- Total. 73,700. Total.


## DR.

## CASH ACCOUNT.

## CR

- Particular's. ₹. ₹. Particular's. ₹. ₹
- To balance b/d. 300 By Realisation Account 30,300
- To C Itd Co Account.

37,700. By A'Capital A/c. 1800
By B's Capital A/c. 5,900. 7,700

- Total.

38,000.
Total.
38,000

## THANK YOU

